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Lowthorpe

GROTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Lowthorpe is the oldest school of Landscape Architecture for women in the country and since its foundation in 1901 the gardens have served as a laboratory wherein the students consider the idiosyncracies of growing plants and master the technique of their culture. This calls for the cultivation of the unusual as well as of that which is familiar to appreciative gardeners and the training in methods of propagation creates, as a by-product, surplus stock which, in past years, has added to the beauty of many a garden designed by our graduates. Present conditions permit us to offer an equal opportunity to a wider circle of those who also enjoy the allure of the unfamiliar.

As a garden is developed through the years, interest becomes concentrated upon novelties and wee alpines for the rock-garden. This has been the case at Lowthorpe. We grow no plants in quantity but visitors may select the finest of delphiniums or take home pot-grown plants of rare alpines which, with their tap-roots, resent transplanting from the open ground. We grow many plants, far more than are listed, and we

are glad to share the surplus with other gardeners.

Terms. A discount of 10% is allowed on all orders of more than \$20.00 or on orders from Landscape Architects. Make checks payable to Lowthorpe and address all inquiries to L. L. Hetzer, Groton, Mass.

Visitors are welcome throughout the season but, owing to the requirements of school concerns, we reserve the right to refuse delivery of plants at inconvenient hours and suggest that appointments be made.

LIST OF SURPLUS PLANTS FOR THE GARDEN AND ROCK GARDEN

Alyssum saxatile compactum. Yellow flowers in mad profusion, the foliage hoavy gray; Apr., 1 ft.	.25
Androsace lanuginosa. "Prostrate shoots of pure silver, with ver-	
bena-like heads of soft rose-lilac" in July; plant in full sun in	
light sandy soil; 4 in.	.50
Anemone pulsatilla. The Pasque Flower, with large purple cups	
and equally effective fluffy seed vessels; May to July; 9 in.	0.5
per 10—\$3.00	.35
The fall flowering A. japonica and hupehensis are best plant-	
ed in the spring.	
Arenaria caespitosa. A star-spangled moss for crevices; 1 in.	.25
Arenaria montana. A delightful trailler with inch-wide cups of	
white; June, 6 in.	30
ARABIS—ROCKCRESS	
Easily grown, spring flowered perennials with thick mats of foli	iage.
indispensable for even the beginner's rock-garden.	
Arabis alpina fl.pl. Spires of double white blooms; 6-8 in.	.30
" rosea Softest pink to deep rose, attractive hues;	.40
Arabis mollis. A rare native with flat green mats and frail spires	930
	.40
of white; May-June; 8 in.	.40
Asperula odorata. The Sweet Woodruff makes a good ground cover	
in shade; May-June; 6 in. per 10—\$2.50	30
Artemesia frigida. A woody native with much divided leaves of	
silky white; most attractive as a trailer over rocks or as a	
mown edging. —	.40

Artemesia glacialis. With a similar charm in its shimmering silver-whiteness but more suited to the rock-garden; 4-5 in. Aubretia. Mats of grayish foliage and sheets of violet, rose, and	.50
lavender. They dislike our summer droughts and winter wet but prove one of the most colorful of our early flowers; May,	90
6 in. CAMPANULA—BELLFLOWER	.30
A large and varied family that ranges from the familiar Cante	rhurv
Bells to the rare little C.bellardi, a true alpine with its little roofed towers on slender stems. The Bellflowers often have a sl grace but their real value lies in their June to August bloom.	blue-
C.bellardi (pusilla). In both white and ash-blue; July-Aug., 6 in. C.carpatica. In both blue and white; for garden edgings; June-	.40
Sept.	.30
C. garganica. Starry blooms form a perfect mound; July-Aug., 6 in.	.40
C.persicifolia. Both in blue and white makes one of the most grace-	9.
ful and useful of perennials for June-July bloom; 3 ft. Tellham Beauty is a selected form with saucer-shaped flowers of	.25
china blue; 4 ft.	.40
C.rotundifolia. The dainty Scotch Harebell, blue lavender; 1 ft.	.30
C.turbinata. Often confused with C.carpatica; large saucer-shaped cups of china blue, each on its slender erect stem; July.	.40
Cerastium tomentosum. White wooly mats studded with white in	
June.	.30
Cheiranthus allioni. The vivid orange wallflower that, if not allowed to seed blooms the summer through.	.30
DELPHINIUM CHINENSIS. Whether in white, true light or dark	•90
blue, or purple few perennials give a finer show of blcom from	
June till fall; 2-4 ft. per 10—\$2.50	.30
DELPHINIUM WREXHAM STRAIN. Our young flowering plants	
of both this and the splendid Blackmore & Langdon strain of-	
fer a wide selection of color. The modern delphinium with	
its big single or double flowers ranging from china-blue and mauve to deepest purple is a revelation to those who have not	
seen these latest products of the breeder's skill.	1.00
Blackmore and Langdon Strain.	.60
DIANTHUS—PINKS	
The Pinks are dwarf, summer flowering perennials of tufted or	
like growth, sun-levers and easily grown particularly if transpl	
when small.	anteu
D.Allwoodi. Seedlings of Miss Gladys Cranford, one of the new	
ever-blooming hardy carnations and most popular in England.	.30
D.alpinus. Glossy tufts of green and rese-crimson flowers on slen-	
der 4 inch. stems. June.	.50
D. caesius. The Cheddar Pink with blue foliage and rose pink,	20
fragrant flowers; June, 8 in. D.deltoides. Green mats with white or intense pink flowers; June-	.30
July; 6 in.	.25
D. plumarius. The Clove Pink is the thing for edgings; June: 8 in.	.25
A selected silvery pink form of unusual charm.	.30
Dicentra eximia. A rosy Bleeding Heart with feathery foliage;	
May-Sept., 10-12 in.	.30
Digitalis ambigua. A pale yellow perennial foxglove; 30 in. " lanata. Denser spikes of cream yellow; 30 in.	.30
Doronicum plantagineum. A daisy-like yellow flower in bloom	.30
with the late tulips; 20 in. per 10—\$3.50	.40

Draba aizoides. Miniature pin-cushions of green studded in April	
with heads of yellow; 4 in. per 10—\$3.50	.40
Draba cuspidata. Tight, rosettes with wider heads of yellow; 4 in.	.40
Euphorbia corollata. Sprays of small white flowers and foliage	
that turns a brilliant vermilion in the fall; 30 in.	.25
Gentiana detonsa. A rare and difficult species from the Hima-	
layas, akin to our native Fringed Gentian.	.50
Leontopodium. The Edelweiss with woolly stars of silver.	.40
	.40
Linum narbonnense. Flax; of a rich blue hue.	
" perenne. Almost a turquoise blue; May-Sept., 18 in.	.30
Mazus pumilio. A dense running carpet starred with lilac lipped	4.0
flowers, fascinating but tricky; 1 in.	.40
Mentha requieni. A microscopic jewel; not very hardy; 1 in.	.25
MOON PENNY DAISY. A Shasta Daisy with frilled petals of real	
grace; 30 in.	.50
Nepeta macrantha. The compact greyed tufts and dark spikes of	
lavender form an even finer edging than N.mussini; 8 in.	.40
Papaver nudicaule. The Iceland Poppy varies from white, thru	
yellow, to a glowing orange; May-Sept., 12 in.	.30
P.PILOSUM. Apricot cups on branching stems; all summer; 18 in.	.40
P.ORIENTALE. These never-to-be-forgotten monster poppies from	***
F. OKIAN I Anne. These never-to-pe-forgotten monster poppies from	
the Orient are best planted in September; early June. 3 ft.	95
GLOWING SCARLET per 10—\$2.00	.25
Cherry, Soft Pink, or the dark Parkmanni per 10-\$2.50	.30
A few plants only of the 1924 introduction Lulu A Nealey	
(German) at \$5.00 each.	
Penstemon pubescens. Like a lavender Snap-dragon, July, 18 in.	.30
PENSTEMON TORREYL, Tall wands hung with coral bells, one	
of the loveliest of July flowering perennials; 3 ft.	.30
Phlox divaricata. A selected strain of the Wild Sweet William,	
cool blue with the fragrance of a lily; May. 12 in. per 10—\$2.00	.25
Platycodon. The Balloon Flowers come in white, ash-blue and pur-	
ple, welcome hues in the August garden. 2-3 ft.	.30
Polemonium reptans. A good ground-cover for semi-shade, the	***
	,25
	.2.,
Potentilla Miss Willmott. Rich crimson flowers like miniature	40
roses; May-Sept., 15 in. per 10—\$3.00	.40
PRIMULA—PRIMROSE	
The Primroses are one of the joys of spring in a damp par	tially
The Primroses are one of the joys of spring in a damp par	that
shaded site. They seem perfectly hardy but care must be taken	tnat
they do not succumb to drought.	
P.auricula. Stalwart heads of imperial Chinese yellow, plum, or	
lavender.	.40
P.denticulata. Globes of lavender and white in earliest spring;	
8 in.	.40
P.farinosa. Silvery rosettes and delicate soft-pink flowers with a	
twinkling yellow eye; a rare and most delightful Alpine; May,	
6 in.	.40
P.japonica. An excellent species to naturalize in a moist place,	
flowers of many colors on 18 inch stalks; June-July.	.30
	.30
the best English strains; May, 8 in. per 10—\$2.50	.00
P.Sieboldi. Altho seed was purchased of P.cortusoides the plants	
are undoubtedly P.Sieboldi with crumply leaves and wide	40
heads of bloom in almost every color; June, 18 in.	.40
P.veris. The English Cowslip needs no recommendation.	.30
Salvia pratensis. Deep violet spikes in June-July, 2-3 ft.	.30
Sanovaria asymptotes A trailer with showers of pink in late May.	.30

Saxifraga decipiens. Mossy in growth but hidden in May by the pink or white blooms; 4 in.	.40
Scabiosa caucasica. Soft lilac-blue, an excellent cut-flower.	
per 10—\$2.50 SEDUM—STONECROP	.30
The Stonecrops are a large and varied race of easiest culture indispensable for the hot-dry rockery. Some like S.lydium are moothers like rupestris trailing, and still others like the pink and general tufted in growth.	essy,
We offer low growing sorts, 10 named, for §2.50; our selection, named, 50 for §5.00.	un-
Silene alpestris. Shining tufts and white stars; 6 in. "schafta. Rose pink flowers spring from the cushion-like	.40
rosette; AugSept., 5 in. Statice latifolia. A misty cloud of lilac-blue in August; 30 in. Thymus serpyllum. A fragrant creeper; 2 in. lanuzinosus. A gray woolly carpet: 2 in. vulgaris. The Lemon thyme, a vivid green;	.30 .30 .25 .25
4 in. Tunica saxifraga. Delicate tufts of misty pink; summer: 8 in. Valeriana officinalis. The Garden Heliotrope; May-June, 3-4 ft. Veronica incana. Silver mats and violet-blue scapes; July, 10 in. "longifolia subsessilis. Intense deep blue spikes; Aug 3 ft. "prostrata. A violet-blue mat; May, 4 in. per 10—\$2.50 "rosea. A pale pink-lavender. "teucrium. Blue-purple; June, 18 in. VIOLA—VIOLET	.25 .30 .25 .30 .30 .30 .30 .25
The violets are a varied family, all low-growing but very varian habit and flower. First come the true violets with tufted growth one season of bloom, then V.cornuta, the Tufted Pansy, everbloom and carrying its star flowers high on slender stems. The so-ca Violas are miniature pansies, with rounder blooms than V.cornuta a more compact growth. Both are ideal as bedding plants or for compact growth. Both are ideal as bedding plants or for compact with the Grecian V.gracilis we have a less round flower compact with grace and delicacy of growth.	and ning lled and edg-
The True Violets V.cucullata. Rampant, with long-stemmed purple blooms; May, 12 in. V.cucullata bicolor. White tinted lavender. Either, per 10—\$1.50 V.odorata. Very fragrant and very early, a real joy. Purple, white. or Illac. per 10—\$2.00	.25 .25 .25
The Tufted Pansies V.besniaca. A treasure with blooms of vinous rose-mauve. V.cornuta. Soft lavender-blue; 8 in. "Papillo. Lavender butterflies of bloom. V.tricolor. Ladies Delights and always welcome. per 10—\$1.50	.40 .25 .30 .25
Our selection, mixed. per 10—\$2.50 V.Apricot. Quite the loveliest and well-named. V.Hazlemere. Pale pinky mauve, a joy to the garden painter. V.H.J.Hornung. A selected reddish-lavender form. V. lutea splendens. Velvety yellow, a free bloomer. V. White Perfection. Glistening white.	.40 .40 .40 .30 .30
The Grecian Violets V.gracilis Ipswich. A new acquisition, 6 in. "lutea. A creamy citron-yellow. "Purple Robe. A royal black-purple of great intensity.	.40 .40